

BAIN RETAIL HOLIDAY NEWSLETTER

COUNTDOWN TO CHRISTMAS: TECH THE HALLS

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With the Thanksgiving weekend—and many servings of turkey—behind us, holiday halftime scores suggest that e-commerce is gaining share, with a particularly strong reliance on mobile commerce. Retailers are also tapping into more emerging technologies, from augmented reality to robots, in an effort to win shoppers and improve profits. In this issue we recap the Thanksgiving weekend's sales results and share observations about innovative ways retailers are introducing technology into the customer experience ... for better or worse.

Thanksgiving weekend sales and the continued shift online

The holiday season is in full swing: Deals are prevalent and shoppers are spending. Early estimates of the Thanksgiving weekend (from Thanksgiving Day through Cyber Monday) suggest sales were slightly up from last year. Reports indicate that much of the growth came from online sales (desktops, smartphones, tablets). Adobe Analytics estimates online sales (excluding apps) for the five-day period were more than \$19.5 billion, up 15% from last year. Cyber Monday was the single biggest online shopping day, with online sales exceeding \$6.5 billion. The shopping weekend saw a continued shift toward smartphones. On Thanksgiving Day, for example, shoppers placed 48% more orders on their phones compared with last year, according to Salesforce. And for the first time ever, smartphones surpassed computers, capturing 46% of all online orders.

We partnered with SimilarWeb to track web traffic at 250 major retailers in November (see Figure 1). Web traffic (desktop and mobile,¹ excluding apps) peaked on Black Friday; Cyber Monday and Thanksgiving Day were the next highest traffic days. Over the five-day period, the top 25 retailers accounted for 74% of web traffic at the top 250 retailers, and more than 56% of that traffic came from mobile devices.

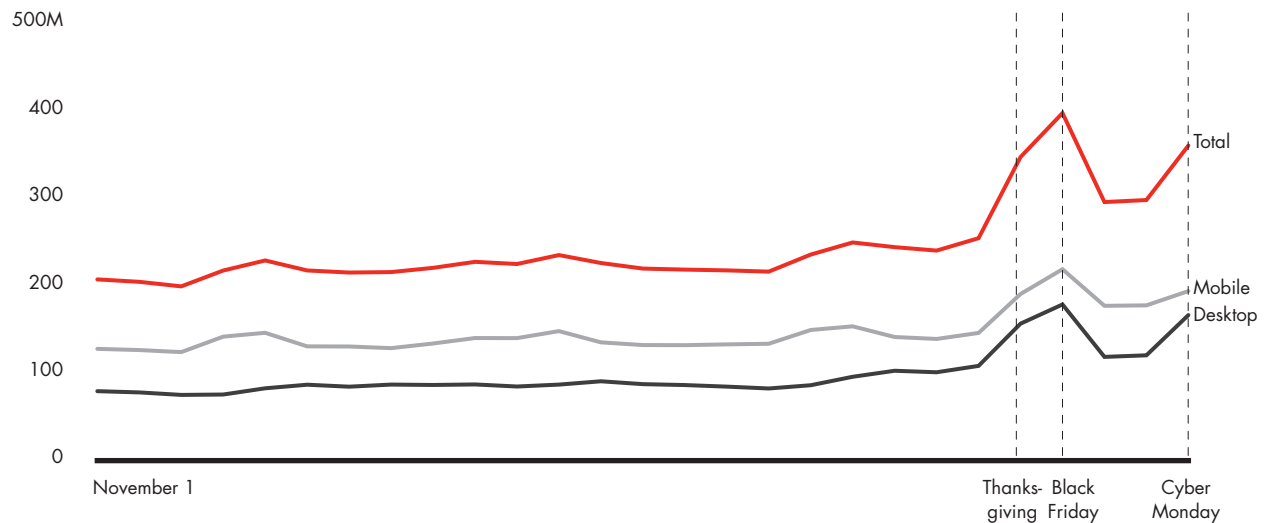
The use of apps on smartphones and tablets was also on the rise this weekend. On Thanksgiving Day, for example, Amazon.com reported that orders placed through its mobile app were up 50% over last year. In partnership with SimilarWeb, we found that daily active Android mobile app users at the top 25 retailers have increased by 47% over the period from Thanksgiving Day through Cyber Monday, compared with the same period last year (see Figure 2). Moreover, customers spent more time on apps this Thanksgiving holiday, averaging roughly 5 more minutes per app each day compared with last year (17 minutes vs. 12 minutes).

Whether they were using apps or browsing the web, people who shopped online this season were more satisfied with their experience than in-store shoppers. Our 2017 Holiday Shopper Pulse survey, conducted in partnership with Research Now, shows that Amazon shoppers' Net Promoter Score[®] is 14 points higher than that of in-store shoppers.² For non-Amazon online shoppers, the Net Promoter Score is 4 points higher than that of in-store shoppers, though this difference is not statistically significant (see Figure 3).

More people were browsing online than ever before, but did a higher percentage of visitors actually make a purchase? Apparently so. Working with Jumpshot, we looked at conversion rates—the percentage of unique visitors who actually checked out—for 25 retailers (see Figure 4). On average, conversion rates jumped on high-traffic days. For retailers (excluding Amazon), desktop conversion rates on Black Friday averaged 8.7%, compared with an average of 5.6% for the first three weeks of November. Although conversion rates started going

Figure 1: Web traffic peaked on Black Friday, followed by Cyber Monday and then Thanksgiving Day

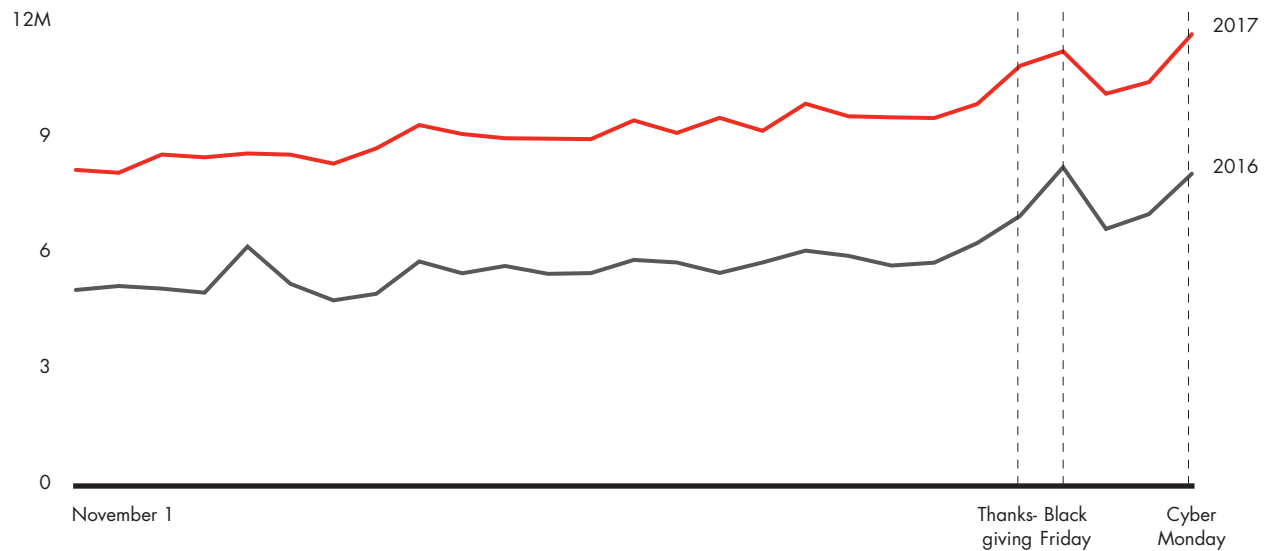
Daily web traffic for top 250 retailers, November 2017



Notes: Data tracked daily from November 1 through November 27 (Cyber Monday); excludes app usage; mobile includes smartphones and tablets
Source: SimilarWeb

Figure 2: Android retail app users increased 47% this Thanksgiving holiday

Total daily active users at top 25 Android retail apps, November 2016 and November 2017



Notes: Data tracked daily from November 1 through November 27 (Cyber Monday); 2016 data is shifted back one day so that Thanksgiving, Black Friday and Cyber Monday are aligned between years; includes apps on smartphones and tablets
Source: SimilarWeb

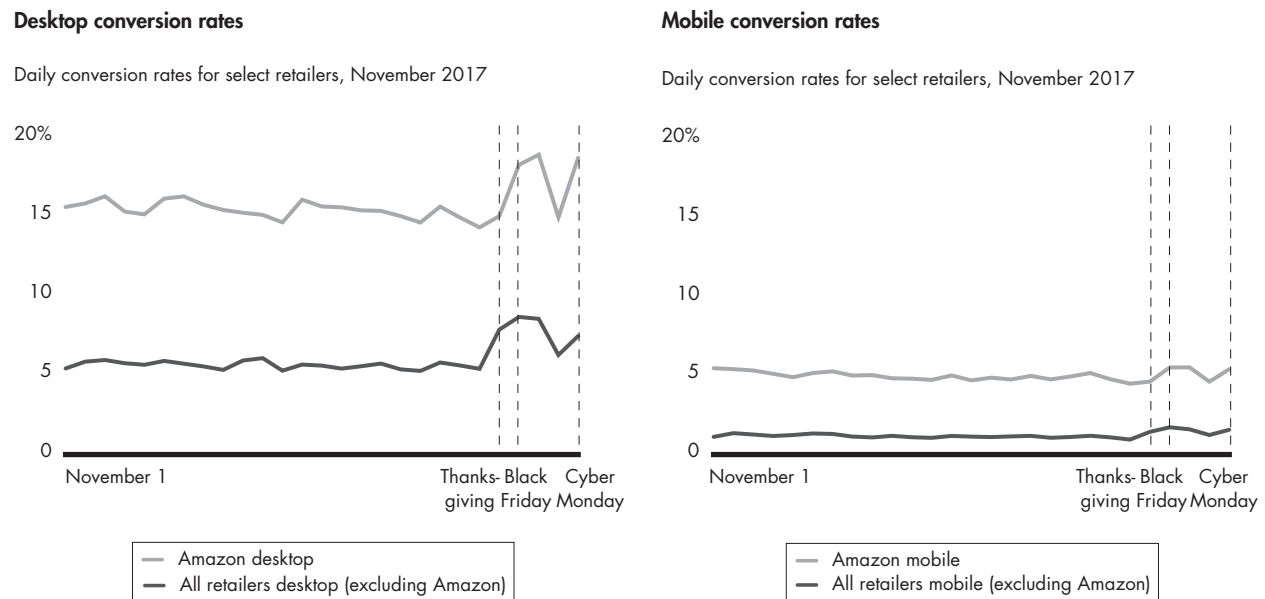
Figure 3: Online shoppers have a higher Net Promoter Score® than in-store shoppers, mostly because of Amazon

Net Promoter Score by shopping channel



Notes: Net Promoter®, Net Promoter System®, Net Promoter Score® and NPS® are registered trademarks of Bain & Company, Inc., Fred Reichheld and Satmetrix Systems, Inc.; respondents were asked regarding their most recent shopping trip, "On a scale of zero to 10, how likely would you be to recommend this company (or this product) to friends and colleagues?" *The difference between 42% and 38% is not statistically significant.
Source: Bain 2017 Holiday Shopper Pulse survey, November 2017 (n=4,612), conducted in partnership with Research Now

Figure 4: Conversion rates spiked over the holiday weekend



Note: Conversion rates are the number of people who completed checkout divided by the number of unique visitors
Source: Jumpshot

up on Thanksgiving Day and peaked on Black Friday for most brick-and-click players, e-commerce pure plays saw conversion rates peaking on Saturday. The best retailer at driving customers to “check out now” was Amazon, likely due to the simplicity of its user experience. Amazon’s conversion rate on desktops was 18.9% on Saturday, up from an average of 15.4% over the first three weeks of November.

E-commerce has garnered much of the attention this holiday season, but physical stores continue to play a critical role and retailers managed the holiday rush well. According to the National Retail Federation (NRF), over the five-day period from Thanksgiving through Cyber Monday, an estimated 51 million consumers shopped exclusively in stores, and more than 64 million omnichannel shoppers browsed or purchased across channels. Many retailers offered in-store-only deals, extended hours and special events. For example, shoppers at lululemon in Manhattan were treated to live hip-hop music, while some Anthropologie shoppers were greeted by carolers and Santa held office hours in malls across the country.

Holiday technology and the customer experience

As customers hit the stores—both virtual and physical—over the Thanksgiving weekend, their experiences were heavily influenced by technology. Some technology was front and center, clearly visible to shoppers; other technology was behind the scenes, trying to help the process run as smoothly as possible (although for some retailers the technologies underperformed, leading to outages). This season’s technologies offer a glimpse into the future of retail. Imagine this:

It’s a brisk day in Boston, and Sarah wants to buy a new winter coat for her husband. She opens Facebook Messenger and starts chatting with her favorite retailer. She asks the retailer to find her a men’s gray wool coat for under

\$150. Three options immediately pop up, paired with clothing her husband previously bought from the store. Sarah loves one of the coats, adds it to her wish list and effortlessly sets up a price alert in case it drops below \$125. That afternoon, Sarah receives an email reminding her about the coat. The email includes a unique, one-time discount code. Sarah can't resist. She clicks "purchase." Her husband's Christmas gift will be delivered in a few hours.

Meanwhile Maya is at a café browsing Instagram. She spots a dress perfect for an upcoming holiday party in a sponsored post featuring her favorite instablogger. Little does she know it's a targeted placement based on her previous shopping behavior and her location near a shopping center. By simply clicking on the photograph, Maya reserves the dress to try on in a nearby store. Later that day, a smart screen in her dressing room reads a radio frequency identification (RFID) tag attached to the dress. The screen displays two pairs of shoes that match the dress. Maya selects one pair, and the right size is quickly delivered to her dressing room. Delighted with the dress and shoes, she takes them to her sales associate, who uses a mobile point-of-sale system to ring her up on the spot. Maya flashes a personalized coupon on her phone offering a complimentary gift and finalizes the purchase by paying with her in-app payment feature.

The stories above are fictional, but the capabilities are not. We fully acknowledge that while technology may generate buzz, retailers need to be selective when considering which technologies to test and ultimately perfect and scale. Further, technology is not always *the* answer for improving the customer experience. There are some areas where technology's impact is limited or applicable to only a very niche set of customers and occasions.

Given those caveats, here are some of the innovative technologies that retailers deployed this holiday season.

- **Offering image search to help consumers find the perfect gift.** Ever find yourself thinking "I wish I had a jacket that looked like that" or "I want that coffee table"? Advancements in machine learning can make your wishes come true. Wayfair, eBay and other retailers have algorithms that can process uploaded images and identify similar products, allowing this year's holiday shoppers to snap a photo and browse for look-alikes. Even without brand or product details, image search helps users convert inspiration into purchases. Bain's assessment of 20 top retailers' mobile apps found that 6 offer image search. However, we may see a future uptick in adoption because Google, Amazon, Microsoft and other companies are now offering commercial solutions that can plug into websites and apps more easily.
- **Providing visual context with augmented reality.** Augmented reality (AR) is no longer confined to video games. Advancements in data processing and mobile phone sensors have made AR for retail more viable than ever. An estimated 14% of active smartphones globally are equipped with the right hardware and software to enable AR this holiday season, and that proportion will jump to more than 90% by 2020. Apple's iOS 11 includes ARKit, which allows retailers to place virtual 3-D versions of products into real-life settings. Amazon Web Services just launched Sumerian, a toolkit that works with existing AR platforms, making it easier for retailers to create and run AR experiences. Meanwhile, retailers like Anthropologie, Target and Amazon have already added AR to their mobile apps. The technology lets shoppers "see" what an Amazon desk chair or a Target coffee table would look like in their own room. Anthropologie's application even enables customization, which means shoppers can choose from dozens of fabrics, shapes and colors before visualizing a couch or headboard in their home.
- **Increasing inventory visibility with RFID.** RFID has been around for decades, but at a steep cost. Falling prices in recent years have made the technology more practical for retailers. RFID uses small tags that emit radio signals and that can be attached to individual products. RFID scanners can read hundreds of tags per second from dozens of feet away. The technology makes it easy for retailers to identify the location of items—

in transit, in a warehouse, in a store, on back order—and access product details like brand, color or size. Macy's has announced plans to roll out RFID across its network, with the goal of tagging 100% of merchandise by the end of this year. The initiative has increased the accuracy of Macy's inventory, reduced markdowns and missed sales from stock-outs, and raised rates of order fulfillment. In addition to tracking down missing items in stores, Levi's uses RFID in its own stores to identify denim styles that customers have tried on but not purchased, flagging potential issues with fit or price.

- **Styling with next-generation recommendations.** Product recommendations driven by Big Data are commonplace at online retailers, but companies like Amazon and Alibaba are adding new twists. Amazon's Echo Look makes use of machine learning to rate fashion choices. The device not only photographs customers' style selections; it also chooses between options and offers suggestions for other products. In physical stores, data-driven recommendations are less common because stores more often rely on trained sales associates. But this is changing. In November, Alibaba tested a brick-and-mortar system that relies on artificial intelligence (AI). The company installed "FashionAI" screens in fitting rooms in 13 stores across China. The system uses deep learning to recognize shoppers' selections from among hundreds of millions of items of clothing and then pairs them with matching items ... much like Maya's experience buying a dress and shoes.
- **Offering personalized and relevant advice through chat.** Three trends are changing the way retailers are making use of chat this holiday. First, chat is more accessible across platforms. When we tested the chat functions for 28 leading retailers, we found that 70% have chat functions via Facebook Messenger and that 50% offer chat on their website (just 15% offer it on their landing page). Facebook recently launched a new chat plug-in that makes it easier for retailers to offer chat on their site. The bonus: Retailers can maintain a chat session even if a shopper leaves Messenger or the home page, which prevents retailers from losing valuable customer data. The second trend is that chats are becoming more personalized. With the plug-in, retailers have access to the shopper's name (and Facebook picture), which they can link to their cookies, making for more customized conversations. The third trend is a shift toward automation and even product recommendations. Sophisticated AI capabilities are making chat systems less reliant on humans and able to process more dynamic content. American Eagle Outfitters, for example, has launched a bot that is online 24/7, responds instantly, and accesses in-season merchandise catalogs to help customers build outfits and select gifts.
- **Using social media to streamline shopping.** Social media platforms are adding features to close the gap between inspiration and purchase. Curated feeds are converting browsers to buyers with shoppable tags that reveal a product's details and price and offer the option to buy. In past years retailers like Birchbox, Maybelline and Revolve uploaded images, videos and how-to guides to generate buzz around products, often enlisting influencers to bolster their messages. New technology lets consumers shop directly from videos, seamlessly viewing item details and purchasing featured products. Forever 21 now uses Instagram's polling function to let customers vote on their favorite holiday party looks. The interactive images allow users to select from two choices and give the retailer real-time feedback.
- **Tapping into voice-activated devices as a shopping channel.** These days users want more than jokes from Alexa or the weather from Google Assistant. According to a Walker Sands survey, 20% of customers have used voice for shopping. As voice-activated devices proliferate, big-name retailers and even media stars are developing partnerships with voice platforms. On Alexa's side, Amazon has partnered with Best Buy, Calvin Klein and others. For example, Best Buy's US partnership with Amazon means shoppers can ask Alexa to "talk to Best Buy" and "shop Best Buy's 'Deal of the Day.'" Amazon also brought Oprah Winfrey onboard this holiday season. When customers say, "Alexa, let's shop Oprah's favorite things," Oprah recommends one of her favorite products and explains why she loves it. Calvin Klein is partnering with Amazon to launch pop-up

stores with fitting rooms equipped with an Amazon Echo that can respond to product inquiries, adjust lighting and play music. Meanwhile, Google Assistant has linked up with Target and Walmart, among others. Walmart customers, for example, who place orders via voice receive a \$25 discount for adding their Walmart account to Google Home and Google Express.

- **Mining Big Data to inform decision making.** Retailers have no shortage of data; the hard part is figuring out how to use it. Done well, Big Data analytics can improve retailers' decision making, allowing them to better serve customers and optimize operational activities. Amazon uses Big Data to anticipate inventory needs and streamline its supply chain. For example, it colocates items that are frequently purchased together. One grouping that only data could predict: boxes of My Little Pony, rolls of fluorescent tape and copies of *Hamlet*. At Sephora, the company analyzed data from product reviews and customer feedback to find customers' biggest pain point. The answer? Buying a product that isn't the right color. In response, Sephora revised its app, creating educational content with tips on how to choose the right color tones and apply products properly.
- **Working smarter with robots.** Santa's workshop has gone high-tech. Retailers are turning to robots to streamline processes and free up employees to focus on high-value customer activities. Alibaba recently unveiled an automated flagship warehouse where 60 self-charging robots now handle 70% of the activity. The Wi-Fi-instructed robots pick inventory from around the warehouse floor and bring it directly to employees for packaging. Walmart is testing an in-store robot to scan shelves for incorrect prices, missing labels and out-of-stock items. The company plans to introduce the robots nationwide. It's also developing a robot to preempt shoppers' complaints. Using facial-expression recognition to identify unhappy customers in checkout lines, the robot would alert employees to intervene. Amazon, which uses Kiva robots for moving goods and optimizing storage space, is building robots that can also handle picking, packing and shipping, tasks traditionally done by employees.

Making technology wishes come true

Many retailers are familiar with these technologies like augmented reality and artificial intelligence, but few are using them effectively. They face three big obstacles: Technology can be costly, not all technologies add value and implementation is difficult.

First, technology can be expensive, and most retailers don't spend enough on it. Amazon invests 12% of its sales in technology, product and content generation, compared with less than 2% for average retailers. The difficulties created by shortchanging these investments in technology compound each year, leading to wider capability gaps and the potential for big problems in the stability and security of critical systems. Over the Thanksgiving weekend, social media and news headlines highlighted several major retailers' technology challenges. Some had their websites crash; others weren't able to honor their advertised promotions; and some had their point-of-sale systems malfunction. Now more than ever, finding cost efficiencies and reallocating spending away from things that matter more to managers than to customers is essential in retail. Substantial amounts of time and money are inefficiently spent in the debilitating layers of approval required for innovations and in manual processes that could be done better, faster and cheaper.

Second, not all technologies actually deliver value. Gartner's research shows that although more than 87% of retailers are investing in digital change, only 2% of them are seeing the anticipated business results. Retailers must be selective and intentional with their decisions about which technologies to build and when to build them. Winners ignore "shiny objects"—technologies that add little value—focusing instead on improving the experiences and processes that matter most to customers.

Third, execution can be difficult. Like Amazon, retailers should work at developing and releasing technologies faster and more frequently. Too often, however, IT is the bottleneck: Systems can't interface with new applications or data can't be accessed or IT operations aren't prepared to quickly test new prototypes in the market. That's devastating to technological innovation. Instead of giving up in frustration, retailers should position themselves right now to move faster.

What actions can you take this holiday season?

This is the time of year when ideas for new technologies flow from all directions—customers, employees, vendors, IT departments, even holiday newsletters. The problem: There are so many exciting ideas but so little time (and money) to pursue them. By the end of November, any large investments in technology aren't likely to impact results this holiday season. And, let's face it, the unfortunate truth is that many of these exciting ideas will be packed away with the holiday decorations.

Still, a number of changes make sense even at this point in the season:

- **Partner with a vendor to run some consumer-facing tests.** Set up a trial to add that new chat bot or targeted marketing strategy you've been considering. This is something you can do in a matter of days.
- **Listen to your customers and frontline team.** Collect their feedback and fine-tune your offerings this holiday season. An example: You may be able to address long lines at the register by simply tweaking your scheduling system or adding mobile point-of-sale systems that associates can use to flex check-out capacity.
- **Capture and prioritize the ideas that excite you.** Create a backlog—a wish list of opportunities you may want to pursue so that the ideas aren't lost. Then go over the list and identify which ideas you should act on now and which ones can wait until later.

How do you learn from this holiday season to plan for the future?

Once retailers create a backlog of opportunities, it's all about sequencing and execution. Here, speed and frequency are key. To increase the pace of innovation, retailers need to create a more service-oriented IT architecture and adopt Agile ways of working.

Creating a more service-oriented IT architecture has to do with improving the speed of software development. The idea involves taking one piece of software and breaking it down into many smaller components that are easier to maintain. These "microservices" function like building blocks that programmers can use and reuse as they develop new technologies. They also speed up the process because bugs in a single microservice have no cascading effects on other components.

Adopting Agile ways of working means acting more like a start-up. Agile-ready organizations form teams that are small, colocated, cross-functional and self-managing. They focus on high-priority items from their backlog and test product prototypes with small groups of customers in short cycles called *sprints*. These teams are remarkably successful. They generate breakthrough ideas and increase the success rates of innovations by 250% to 500%. They build a culture of rapid adaptation, fast recovery from failed experiments and empowered decision making. Moreover, team members are happier and more productive. By employing Agile to launch new experiments and refine business processes, retailers can identify and shift resources toward innovation and position themselves to thrive in future holiday seasons.

As this holiday season comes and goes, stories (both good and bad) about technology in retail will continue to make news. Our hope is that as retailers think about where, when and how to bring technology into their business, they focus on the fundamentals, like how to move faster and smarter. Getting this process right can help retailers turn their technology wish list into a reality that delights shoppers.

Looking forward: Future release dates and topics

We wish you all success as the countdown to Christmas continues. In our next issue we examine pricing and promotions from this holiday season. We will also assess the latest holiday sales figures. Here's the breakdown of the next two issues:

Issue #4 (mid-December): What's the Deal with Pricing and Promotions?

Issue #5 (mid-January): Post-Holiday Recap and Outlook

Please let us know if you have any questions or would like to arrange a follow-up discussion on topics addressed in this newsletter or any other retail topics by emailing us at RetailHolidayNewsletter@bain.com.

¹ Mobile devices include smartphones and tablets

² The Net Promoter Score® is derived by asking consumers, "On a scale of zero to 10, how likely would you be to recommend this company (or this product) to friends and colleagues?" Ratings of 9 or 10 indicate promoters; 7 and 8, passives; and zero through 6, detractors. The score is simply the percentage of promoters minus the percentage of detractors. Net Promoter®, Net Promoter System®, Net Promoter Score® and NPS® are registered trademarks of Bain & Company, Inc., Fred Reichheld and Satmetrix Systems, Inc.

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